



ALMA MATER STUDIORUM  
UNIVERSITÀ DI BOLOGNA

DIPARTIMENTO  
DI FARMACIA  
E BIOTECNOLOGIE

## AVVISO DI SEMINARIO

Il giorno **23 Gennaio 2025**  
alle ore **10:00**

### **Dr. Riccardo Capelli**

Assistant Professor, Department of Biosciences, University of Milan  
(ospite di Prof. Francesco Musiani)

terrà un seminario in lingua inglese dal titolo:

## **Multi-eGO: a structure-based framework for molecular simulations**

Area tematica:  
Computational biophysics

*in presenza:*

**Aula 1, Via Belmeloro 6, Bologna BO**

*e in streaming:*

<https://teams.microsoft.com/l/meetup-join/19%3aN09c0NlyEssBnF7ObCyDOQwkgDWm1qdd9f7F2nJV9fw1%40thread.tacv2/1631519544944?context=%7b%22id%22%3a%22e99647dc-1b08-454a-bf8c-699181b389ab%22%2c%22oid%22%3a%225a941351-ef41-4aa4-8771-fa50a6d62ca1%22%7d>

Collegli e studenti sono cordialmente invitati

## **ABSTRACT**

Efficient and accurate molecular simulations remain a key challenge in computational structural biology. Recently, we introduced multi-eGO, a hybrid structure-based approach that addresses this need by integrating information from classical molecular dynamics (MD) simulations into a simplified potential via a Bayesian approach. This combination results in a versatile framework that maintains atomic resolution while reducing computational cost.

In this seminar, I will present the broad potential of multi-eGO for modeling diverse biomolecular processes. Using examples ranging from ligand binding and protein folding to self-assembly, I will illustrate how our framework achieves an effective balance between speed and accuracy. I will also discuss ongoing refinements that extend its applicability to a wide range of systems, including well-structured proteins and intrinsically disordered peptides, opening up avenues previously inaccessible to conventional MD methods. In doing so, multi-eGO advances the use of structure-based frameworks and brings us closer to a realistic computational microscope.

## **BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH**

Dr. Riccardo Capelli is an assistant professor in Applied Physics at the Department of Biosciences, University of Milan. He earned his PhD in Physics at the same university, focusing on *in silico* structural vaccinology and advancing free energy calculation techniques. He then held a postdoctoral position at Forschungszentrum Jülich in Germany, where he worked on calculating ligand binding kinetics using classical molecular dynamics (MD). This was followed by a postdoctoral role at the Polytechnic University of Turin, where he developed coarse-grained models for self-assembling systems. Now in a tenure-track position, his research spans the development of computational methods such as structure-based models and enhanced sampling techniques, as well as their application to biomolecular systems, mainly on G Protein-Coupled Receptors activation and dynamics.